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POLES AND CZECHS MAY JOIN IN EUROPEAN CONFERENCE Moscow To Decide

AIRCRAFT TO CHASE "FLYING SAUCERS"

New York, July 6.
High-powered fighter aircraft were today standing by in California and Oregon ready to chase the "flying saucers—the mystery objects which have set all America goggling.

The "saucers" are flat, round objects which observers in thirty-three states have said they have seen flying through the air since June 22 at speeds up to 1,200 miles an hour. Officials have been inclined to scorn these reports, but today one jet-propelled fighter at the Murco Army Airfield and six fast regular fighters at Portland, Oregon, were ready to take off at an instant's notice to make an official investigation if any "flying saucers" were sighted.

Statements today about the "flying saucers" included the following:

TEN-DAY CHECK

Captain Tom Brown, of the Army Air Force, in Washington—"The Army Air Force has been checking for ten days on stories of 'saucers' and we still have not the slightest idea what these things are.

"We do not believe that anyone in this country or outside it can try to develop a guided missile that will go at 1,200 miles an hour. "We are not engaged in any tests or experiments that might explain this mystery and we do not know of anyone inside or outside the Government who is. Our guided missile scientists are as puzzled as we are.

NOT ATOMIC

Mr. Lincoln White, State Department press officer, asked whether anyone inside or outside the State Department was investigating the possibility that the objects originated with a foreign power, said he did not know of any such inquiry.

One scientific writer in the United States today reported that he had seen "flying saucers" near his home in this and previous years, but they were "merely" light reflected from the bodies of aircraft that were identified themselves by changing course and coming near enough to be seen.

Mr. David Lillenthal, Chairman of the Atomic Energy Commission, said that the saucers had nothing to do with atomic experiments.—Reuter.

Million Workers May Strike

Paris, July 7.
Approximately 1,000,000 state employees threatened to strike unless their demands for annual bonuses ranging from 1,500 to 45,000 francs were met by the government prior to next Thursday. At the same time, union leaders of the restless coal miners, presented new demands for an increased meat ration, improvement in the quality of their bread and additional production bonuses. Associated Press.

EDITORIAL

Who Did It, And Why?

A recent report which appears to have escaped public attention, but which calls for explanation, disclosed that two prominent Japanese war criminals, Tokunaga and Saito, have had their death sentences commuted to terms of imprisonment. The report has not been denied, and there are substantial reasons for accepting it as being correct. Wherefore, we should like to know who changed the Court's verdict, and on what grounds? Was it General MacArthur who, as Supreme Commander of the Allied Forces in the Pacific, is presumably the only person in a position to amend war crimes verdicts? If not, who then possesses the right to override a decision reached only after months of meticulous inquiry; after a trial eminently fair and in accordance with accepted British jurisprudence? It was proved to the satisfaction of the Court that both men had been guilty of causing the deaths by torture of a number of innocent patriots, and of bringing misery, pain and anguish to dozens of others during the Japanese occupation of

Ford Plant Raided

Jerusalem, July 6.

Twelve armed Jews raided the Ford Motor Engineering Supply Company's premises in Tel-Aviv today, held up 15 employees at their pistol point and removed a mechanical lathe weighing half a ton to a waiting truck.

The gunmen also took the office safe, which is believed to have contained only a small quantity of cash. Four men rescued a young Jew and a Jewish caught by a British constable today while attempting to pass counterfeit money in a shop at Nathanya, Palestine's diamond town, half-way between Haifa and Tel-Aviv.

The men apparently held up the constable and all six escaped in a waiting car. According to a reliable Jewish source, the Jewish terrorist organization, Irgun Zvai Leumi, and the Stern Gang are making and circulating an increasing amount of counterfeit money in Tel-Aviv.—Reuter.

CHUNGKING IN DECLINE

Shanghai, July 7.
For several years the Mecca of leading world politicians and diplomats, Chungking, China's wartime capital and symbol of her indomitable resistance against the Japanese, is today engaged in an uphill struggle to keep itself on the map as one of the nation's major cities.

Ever since the Government shifted its base to Nanking, just over a year ago, the city has been slowly but perceptibly drifting backwards towards the pile of barren rock it was before the war.

The population has already declined by over half a million from the peak figure of 1,400,000 and the exodus is continuing.

To check the city's retrogression, the municipal authorities have now taken in hand a comprehensive development scheme designed to transform Chungking into the most important industrial and commercial centre in southwest China. At the same time, lest the nation forget the vital part played by the city in the eight-year war against Japan, the City Fathers have ordered the erection of a Victory Monument.

This will take the form of an imposing tower in the centre of the city, on the old site of the Spiritual Monument, with four clocks, eight searchlights, eight incandescent tablets and a large bell at the top. It will rise to a height of 70 feet and should serve as a valuable landmark by day, and beacon by night to aircraft.

A new hospital with 50 beds has been established at the old location of the United States Embassy at Liang Fu Chih Lu. The National Library has been renamed the Roosevelt Library, Chiang Kai-shek's former foreign diplomatic and distinguished visitors resided during the war, has become the head office of the Chengtu-Chungking railway administration, and the Press Hostel, home of foreign correspondents during the war years, has been converted into a dormitory of the District School of Paochen.—Reuter.

Hopes mounted in Paris tonight that Poland and Czechoslovakia, despite their ties with Russia, would attend the Marshall Plan conference which opens here on Saturday.

The dilemma in Prague and Warsaw over whether to accept the invitation of Britain and France commanded much space in the French press, with many newspapers predicting that the two Soviet-orbit countries would participate.

The Socialist Party journal, Le Populaire, said it all depended on Moscow's answer to Czech officials, who were reported to be planning a consultation visit to Moscow.

Le Populaire said: "A favourable answer would doubtless provide means by which Russia could leave open a door that Britain and France have never closed."

The conservative Paris Mail said the Central European states "cannot ignore that their economic future lies in the West."

According to Le Pays, "It would seem logical, at least at the beginning, that Moscow approve participation of her satellites in the light of events."

"YELLOW BOOK"
As the Foreign Office awaited the first formal acceptance notes, it was learned that the Quai d'Orsay was planning to publish in the next few days a "Yellow Book" on negotiations on the Marshall Plan.

In the Yellow Book will be a collection of documents revealing in detail diplomatic conversations between the British, French and Soviet prior to the calling of the Europe-wide conference of 24 nations despite opposition from the Russians.

Official replies from countries invited were expected to start arriving tomorrow. Unofficial estimates listed Italy, Eire, Portugal, Luxembourg, Belgium, the Netherlands, Greece, Turkey and Iceland as certain participants.

PROBABLE REFUSALS
The Scandinavian countries, as well as Austria, Switzerland, Poland and Czechoslovakia, were considered probable, while refusals were generally conceded from Finland and the Soviet sphere states of Bulgaria, Rumania, Yugoslavia, Hungary and Albania.

The French Communists appeared to have abruptly changed their tactics in their attack on the conference and the Marshall Plan.

Abandoning its frontal offensive against the Western bloc as an attempt to isolate Russia, today's issue of the Communist organ L'Humanite assumed a softer tone and attempted to create doubts of the United States' sincerity.

"We cannot see what France gained on the economic plane by aligning herself without debate with the English position, because it is always useful to recall, this famous 'American aid' still remains very vague. The Marshall Plan is not yet an official diplomatic instrument. The speech of Marshall at Harvard was just a speech," L'Humanite said.

The Communists tried to needle French opinion by alleging that American aid to Europe was a mere disguise for the Marshall Plan would compromise the French programme for Germany—especially reparations and internationalization of the Ruhr.

"The balance sheet of the Big Three conference is already negative against a vague, uncertain promises we have now dangerously alienated our independence, caused a mortal blow to our right to reparations and gravely compromised our security," L'Humanite said.—United Press.

REPLIES AWAITED
Paris, July 6.
Paris political circles were today awaiting the result of a visit which leading members of the Czechoslovak Government including M. Klement Gottwald, the Communist Prime Minister, were expected to make to Moscow early this week.

The talks in the Kremlin, they expected, would decide whether any European countries east of Austria would be represented at the Conference on the Marshall plan of European reconstruction called by Britain and France for next Saturday in Paris.

Both Czechoslovakia and Polish diplomatic representatives in Paris have made it clear in unofficial talks that their countries are extremely anxious to get in on the plan if they can do so without a breach with Russia.

Observers here saw three possible lines of action by the Slav countries which might result from the Moscow talks. M. Gottwald might decide that his country should have nothing to do with the Conference; in that

THREE AIR CRASHES

Belfast, July 7.
A Royal Air Force Sunderland flying boat carrying a crew of 10 and two observers, crashed into the Irish Sea on Saturday night while on combined Naval Air Force exercises.

Five of the crew were rescued by the submarine Sentinel, on which the Sunderland was making a simulated attack at the time. Search boats later recovered three bodies.

A widespread search is under way but officials said there was little hope any of the four still missing have survived.—Associated Press.

Reuter reports that the pilot of a French civilian plane was killed when his plane crashed on the Villacoublay airfield, near Paris, during an air show on Sunday. One spectator was injured. The same news agency says that a French aircraft crashed in flames at an air display at Brussels. The pilot bailed out and parachuted to safety.

COOPERATIVES URGED

Washington, July 5.
The American Federation of Labor today ordered its 7,500,000 members to fight high prices by setting up consumer co-operatives to produce distributed necessities on gigantic scales.

The labour organisation said it was compelled to this action by the failure of free competition to bring living costs down.

It was revealed in the AFL monthly survey that its members spend \$60,000,000,000 a year for living necessities. "These dollars spent in co-operative stores will fight for fair prices and good quality."

The survey urged the formation of co-operatives "at once; we cannot afford to wait."

These organisations, would own and operate production plants as well as retail stores, the survey said, adding that national headquarters here is ready to supply local unions with information to co-operatives.

The Federation admitted it had misjudged the price trend. It said: "AFL has repeatedly said that forces of competition would reduce prices when enough goods are produced to meet demand, but today many factories are cutting production while prices hold high levels. This year's experience has proved beyond doubt that talk alone will not bring prices down. There has been no significant decline in the general level of either industrial or consumer prices this year."—United Press.

SPAIN GOES TO POLLS ON SUCCESSION REFERENDUM

Madrid, July 6.
The people of Madrid flocked to cast their votes today in the referendum on the law of succession. Queues formed early, awaiting the opening of the polls.

The referendum will decide whether or not General Franco will continue as the Head of States indefinitely, with a proviso that Spain will eventually become a monarchy under either a king or a Regent designated by him.

Substitutes had to be found at the last minute for nearly 30 percent of the electors presiding at Madrid's 1200 polling booths, because many doctors had been chosen and they claimed they could not leave their patients for the entire day.

In Madrid, the Leftist opposition distributed leaflets saying: "We do not vote. We will settle the account with cowards in the near future."

COMPULSORY VOTING
Voting in the referendum was compulsory for all qualified electors. First reports from the provinces said that in Oviedo, more than 50 percent of the electorate had voted by noon. Castellon reported a high percentage of women voters, including many nuns.

Civil governors of 50 provinces reported tonight that about 60 percent of the Spanish electorate had voted in the referendum on the law of succession up to 12.30 GMT today.

Reports indicated a high proportion of voting in the provincial capitals with Bilbao and other Basque towns, where autonomist sentiments run high, as notable exceptions.—Reuter.

TROUBLE CENTRE
Madrid, July 6.
Telephonic dispatches reported that incidents occurred in San Sebastian today as Spain went to the polls to vote in Generalissimo Franco's law of succession referendum.

There were no details of disturbances in San Sebastian, which

WEEKEND SPORTS NEWS AND RESULTS

BAKSI BEATEN BY SWEDISH CHAMP Tandberg Qualifies To Meet Joe Louis

Stockholm, July 6.
Olo Tandberg, Swedish heavyweight champion, caused the biggest boxing surprise of the year here tonight by out-pointing Joe Baksi, American conqueror of the British champion, Bruce Woodcock, at the Rassunda open air stadium.

The ten-round contest was an eliminating bout for the world heavyweight championship. Yesterday, it was announced that the managers of both boxers had signed contracts for the winner to meet Joe Louis, world champion.

Tandberg's straight left won him the fight. He was able to hold off Baksi, who had nearly half a stone weight advantage, and prevent the American from coming to close quarters.

The Swede opened up a cut over Baksi's eye in the second round. Opinion among boxing experts was that Tandberg won the first five rounds, Baksi the sixth with the rest equal.

Baksi began the fight with short hooks to Tandberg's body, forcing him to the ropes, but the Swede fought back skilfully to the centre of the ring. The American again tried the same tactics in the second round. Tandberg retreated to the ropes and then opened up a two-fisted attack, catching Baksi with a stinging blow over the right eye to draw first blood of the bout.

The next three rounds were the American trying desperately to get close enough for in-fighting, but Tandberg's stout left kept him at bay. The Swede was scoring with some hard punches about Baksi's body.

Baksi seemed to gain the initiative in the sixth round driving Tandberg to the ropes, but the Swede covered up well and avoided trouble. There was little to choose between them in the remaining four rounds.—Reuter.

POSTPONED AGAIN
Glasgow, July 6.
For the second time within a month the world flyweight championship fight between Jackie Patterson of Glasgow, the holder, and Eddo Marino, Filipino challenger, has had to be postponed.

Originally fixed for June 11, the contest was put back to July 7, owing to Patterson's leg being affected by septic condition. Everything was set for the new date at Hampden Park here when both suddenly appeared over the champion's right hand. He was examined by a Boxing Board of Control doctor, who has allowed him a week to recover.

The fight is now likely to take place on July 16.—Reuter.

FIGHT DESCRIBED
United Press adds that two of the three ringside judges voted for Tandberg and the third voted for a draw. The fight went to the limit without a knockdown.

Tandberg apparently was awarded the decision on the basis of his strong show during the first half of the fight.

Noting Wolfson, Baksi's manager, said the decision is a disgrace. If the fight had been in America Baksi would have won. We wanted to have international referees and we wanted to have neutral referees in the ring. Now we feel very sore about Arce, Baksi's trainer, echoed Wolfson's opinion.

Lew Burston, matchmaker of the 20th Century Sporting Club, said that Baksi would have been declared the winner if the match had been held in the United States.

Burston said, "Tandberg has been promised the fight against Louis and

Round 1.—Baksi was still bleeding at the start of the third. He missed with several opening blows aimed at Tandberg's head. Tandberg retaliated with a right hook to Baksi's jaw and then two rights to the American's head. He landed three more lefts on Baksi. The fighters went into a clinch with Baksi breaking away rather slowly. They were in a clinch when from the fourth round Baksi obviously was after a knock-out but even the American's heaviest blows failed to floor the big Swede.

AMERICAN ATTACKS
Round 5.—Baksi seemed to be stronger after the two fighters answered the bell for the fifth round. Baksi was definitely on the offensive trying all he could to get Tandberg in position for a knock-out. Tandberg kept slipping away and landed two rights to Baksi.

Round 6.—The American tried hard to knock the Swede. He forced the Swede to the ropes but could not penetrate his defence. Tandberg began to look tired.

Round 7.—Baksi appeared to be in much better physical form. Baksi pounded Tandberg's body with right and left before the Swede could break away. Tandberg was about the offensive and drove the American to the corner. Baksi fought back hammering Tandberg's body. Baksi was bleeding profusely from the nose but forced Tandberg against the ropes and the round ended.

Round 8.—Tandberg began to move around the ring quickly taking the fight to Baksi. Both fighter were obviously tired. Baksi landed a hard right to Tandberg's body and the Swede retaliated with two rights to Baksi's jaw which staggered the American. The fighters went into a clinch and the round ended as Tandberg assumed the offensive.

Round 9.—Baksi fought Tandberg to the ropes with hard heavy blows. For several seconds both men traded punches and Tandberg's weariness was again evident.

Round 10.—Baksi exerted all his efforts to floor the Swede in the final round. He rushed Tandberg to the ropes. The Swede evaded Baksi's blows and fought back breaking through the American's defence and landing several punches to Baksi's jaw. He drove Baksi off with four blows to the head.—United Press.

ITALIAN WINS
Brussels, July 6.
Robert Frijoli, of Italy, won the lightweight championship of Europe when he out-pointed Joseph Froy, Belgian champion, over 15 rounds here today.—Reuter.

(Continued on Page 4)

Gelignite Found Outside Newspaper Office

London, July 6.
Three sticks of gelignite and seven detonators, wrapped in newspaper, were found in a car parked outside the Daily Express building—opposite Reuter's Head Office—in Fleet Street, London, tonight.

The car had been left by the driver for a short time and when he returned he found the parcel behind the driving seat. The police were told and the contents of the parcel dumped into a fire bucket.

Scotland Yard detectives later took away the car and the explosives.

Fifteen minutes after the Fleet Street discovery, seven sticks of gelignite and eight commercial-type detonators were found in a car in a side street near Whitehall—where the Government buildings are situated, including the Foreign Office, the Admiralty and the War Office.

The explosives found in Fleet Street were not connected up and detectives believe that they were dumped in the car by someone anxious to get rid of them in a hurry.

Scotland Yard investigators are probing these two discoveries, but no official statement up to the present has been made, although it was believed that the detectives are hoping to find finger-prints on the cars.—Reuter.

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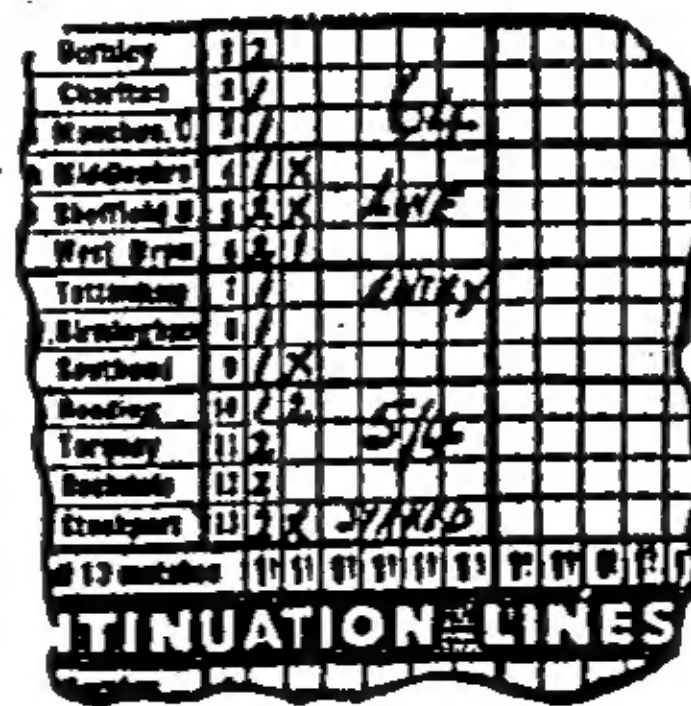
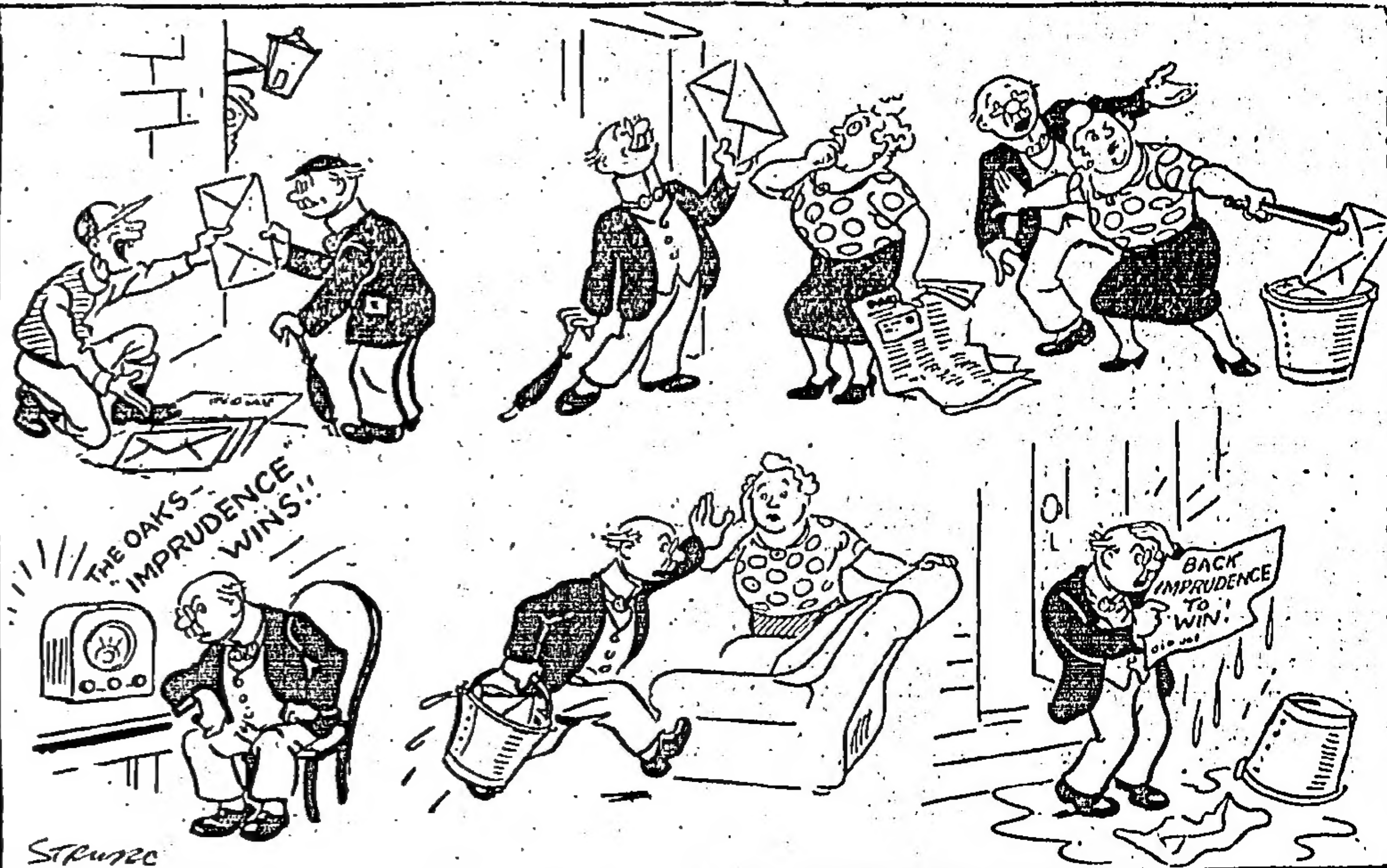
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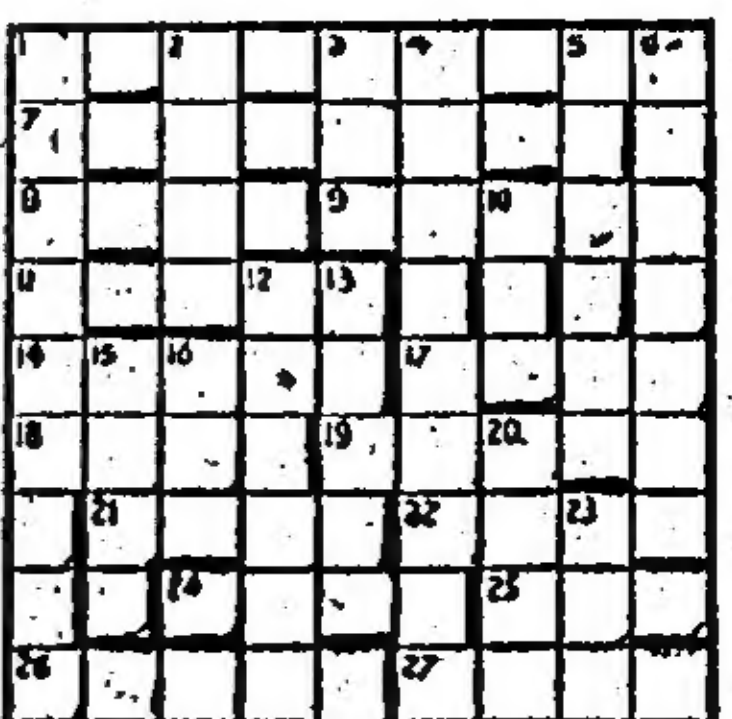
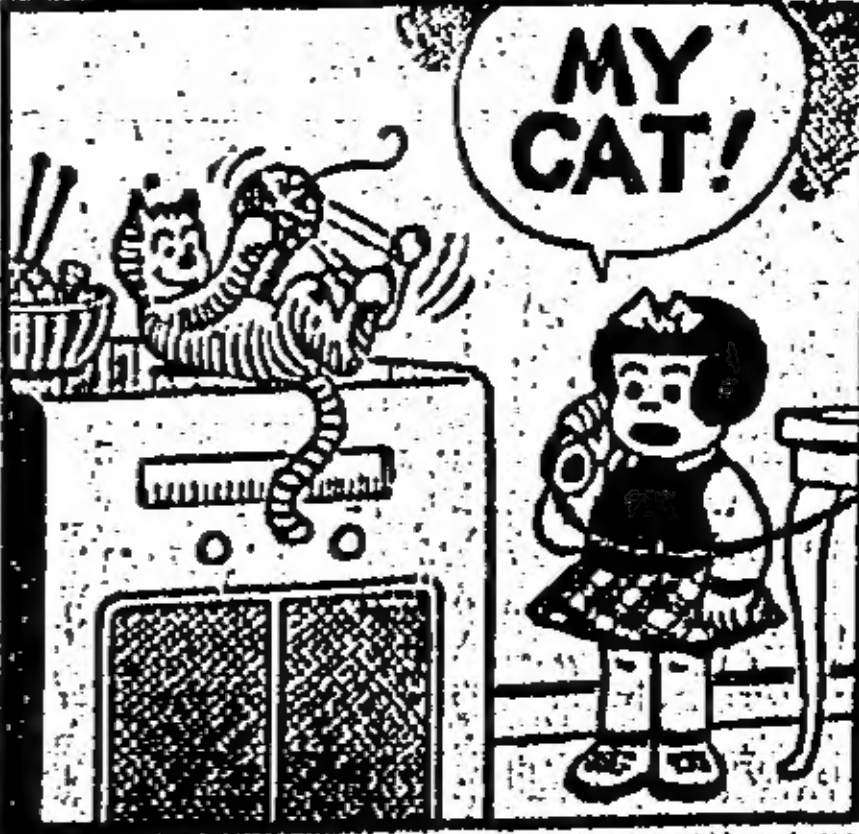
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PHONE 28252.**FROM GIN SHOPS TO DOG TRACKS****T**WO hundred years ago Britain was nearly
ruined by gin. "Drunk for a penny; dead
drunk for twopenny," was the attractive
advertisement.Now the chief national vice is betting, which
Disraeli called "a vast engine of national demora-
lisation," though in his time it was nothing like
so bad as it is now.The figures are quite appalling. Twenty
years ago it was estimated that over £150,000,000
—some even said £500,000,000—changed hands
every year in this way.About 75,000 people are now tempted away
from useful employment to work for the football
pools. This alone is a very serious evil.Can anything be done? Proposals have often
been made to tax betting.The bookmakers say that they are the poor
man's stockbrokers.The bishops say that bookmakers are such
wicked people, that the State ought not to recog-
nise their existence.The Socialists object to taking the working
man's vices while the middle class still have any
taxable virtues.It must be admitted that legislation against
immorality—for example against prostitution—is
seldom successful. Prohibition in America was
a dismal failure. But the case is so desperate
that some effort should be made.The ruinous effects of this vice cannot be
denied. I once asked a prison chaplain which
class of criminals he found the most incurable.
The murderers? Oh no: the
gamblers and betting men.Games of chance are univer-
sal and much older than
civilisation.The Minoans of Crete used
gaming tables 3,500 years ago.
Tacitus says that the Germans
would gamble away even their
personal freedom.Juvenal says that the
Romans in his time staked all
their fortunes in gambling. So
did the rich landowners under
the Four Georges. Charles
James Fox was a notorious
plunger. Many great estates
were lost in this way, some-
times in a single evening.We remember the Tranby
Croft baccarat case, in which
King Edward VII. came in for
severe criticism. He said that
he never staked more than he
could afford; a poor defence,
if it was true. But he had ac-
commodating friends among
wealthy financiers.**PERSONALLY** I am quite
unable to understand the
attraction of betting or gam-
bling. It entirely destroys my
pleasure in a game of bridge
if there is any money on the
rubber. But I suppose I have
a middle-class mind. Betting
seems to be a vice of the
leisured class and of the wage-
earner.Anyone who knows the
brokerage can calculate to a
nicely what proportion of his
total stakes he is certain to
lose if he goes on playing long
enough. One would have
thought that a man who goes
on playing after making this
calculation ought to be certifiedas a lunatic. But it appears
that the pleasure of getting
money without earning it is so
much greater than the pain of
losing money which one has
earned that this percentage of
certain loss may be accepted.How any rational man can
find pleasure in this base
form of excitement is difficultto imagine. There may be a
little superstition at the back
of it, like that which made the
Greeks and Romans erect al-
tars to the goddess Fortune,who presides over the irra-
tional and unpredictable hap-
penings in human life.Some people believe in a
faculty of "precognition," a
power of foretelling future
events. I once had the win-
ner of the Derby revealed to
me in a dream. Not being abetting man I took no advan-
tage of the revelation. The
horse "also ran."Sometimes, of course, as in
card games, there is an
element of skill, and some
bridge players hope to add to
their income in a pleasant and
untaxed manner.Mass bribery in politics and
betting the chief interest
in private life. It is not
pleasant to think of the present
condition and prospect of our
country.What I, as an old man, long
to see is a revival of old-
fashioned Liberalism in poli-
tics, and of puritanism in
morals.I shall certainly not live to
see either one or the other.
But there will be a swing of
the pendulum some time, when
our present discontents and po-
litical delusions have worked
themselves out.Meanwhile, there is not
much to be done except to use
what little influence one has
against the profound demora-
lisation of our people. And it
is comforting to know that in-
dividuals are much better than**OUR GREAT
NATIONAL VICE**

by Dr. W. R. INGE

classes. Christ never thought
of men in a mass.I have before now mentioned
Arnold Toynbee's chapter on
"challenge and response." If
the challenge is not too severe,
a healthy nation will be all the
better for it.The real object of betting
and drinking is to get away
from a gentleman whom we
know slightly and find an in-
tolerable bore—ourselves. Can
we not all acquire some more
intelligent interest in a world
which is often depressing, but
always interesting?**IT** is because men choose to
think their work irksome
or degrading, which it never
need be, that they have re-
course to dram-drinking in one
form or another. "Whatever
ye do, do it heartily, as unto
the Lord and not unto men." Almost any work is pleasant if
we try to do it well, and our
leisure need not be wasted on
vicarious athletics and the per-
formances of horses and dogs.This sort of thing is worthy
only of the degenerate
Romans, who lived on free
meals and public shows till theGoths came and sacked their
city.We may cease to be a great
Power, but I hope we shall al-
ways be a great nation. Our
hope for years to come must be
based on what God has done
for us in ages past. We are
trustees of a great tradition.
We have had our faults, but
have never been ignoble.**SOMETHING
UNUSUAL**The arrival of twin babies, a
big moment in any family,
hardly caused a ripple in the
routine at the Walter Pearson
home in Liberty, Missouri. Mrs
Pearson did not even call a
doctor.When Pearson returned home from
work on a recent evening he found
his 24-year-old wife, Theda, sitting
on the day-bed in the living room
peeling potatoes for supper. Beside
her were the twins, Carolyn Sue, five
pounds, and Marilyn Lou, three and a
half pounds, born two hours before.Pearson had expected something
unusual when he neared the house,
but not this. His young sons had
met him with this report: "We got
a lot of little sisters."Mrs. Pearson had not expected a
child until June."I scarcely got to the day-bed
when—there was the baby," she
said. "That second baby sure was a
surprise."Pearson called a doctor who, after
an examination of the mother and
twins, told her: "You did a good
job!"—Associated Press.**BY THE WAY by Beachcomber****RUMOUR** is busy with the
name of C. Suet, Esq. He
has been mentioned as a pos-
sible director of a department
to be set up to deal with the co-
ordination and integration of
licences and permits by the new
method of four-way registration
(back and forth, up and down).**Interlude**
Prodnoise: Could you give a con-
crete example?**Four-way registration****FOUR-WAY** registration is a most
important technical improvement
in connection with permanent regis-
tration. The basis of the system is
the back and forth up and down
method, by which four-fold registra-
tions are split into two lots of two,
for the applicant, and the registra-
tional authority. Each keeps two,
and returns two, come going up,
others down, according to instruc-
tions received or transmitted by one
or other of the people concerned.
What is sent out need only be re-turned if no word comes to the con-
trary. If, on the other hand, word
comes, then the other people, before
applying, send in (or out) whatever
is wanted for registration either way,
before getting it back.**Interlude**
Prodnoise: Could you give a con-
crete example?Myself: Yes. Suppose I apply to
you in duplicate for a bag of con-
crete, you reply by sending me your
four-way forms, back and forth, up
and down. I send you back two in
duplicate, and keep the other two,
until you return the two I sent you,
whereupon I return to you in dupli-
cate the two I have kept in duplicate
until receiving your two in dupli-
cate.Prodnoise: But what does up and
down mean?Myself: It is merely a technical
term in use in official circles.**Getting together****I** WAS surprised and chagrined
at the birthday of Graham Bell,
inventor of man's best friend, the
telephone, passed without one of
those ceremonies we used to have,
where somebody made the first call
to some distant spot. It was usually
described like this. "Hullo!" said
Mrs. Wibforth. There was a pause.
"Hullo!" said a voice in far away
M'Bambwa. And thus London spoke
across space. Smiling Mrs. Wibforth
was then presented with a little silver
receiver.**A suggestion****THREE** bears, making their debut
in a Lancashire music-hall, were
so disturbed by the footlights and
the orchestra that they "dragged the
trainer and his assistant round the
stage." Is there a producer of ballet
in the house? Why not engage the
three bears at once to appear with
Tumbelova and Serge Trouserin?**CROSSWORD PUZZLE**Across
1. A sea upon which many young
couples embark. (9)
7. Out out. (8)
8. The domestic or of India. (4)Down
9. Fairies. (9)
11. Burmese tea. (5)
14. In the last word you see Mao
go. (6)
15. One sort of row. (4)
19. Oak or picture magazine? (5)
21. Slope. (4)
22. Recess. (4)
24. Nothing can be better than this.
(4)
25. This board was renamed port. (9)
26. Some drink it, some eat it. (6)
27. Many cattle. (4)Down
1. One method of cooperative en-
graving. (9)
2. Funnies made him bark. (4)
3. Not this to be seen. (3)
4. One has six zeros. (9)
5. Recruit. (5)
6. Oh I that Eastern veil. (7)
10. Feline container. (5)
12. Feline. (5)
13. Appropriate stock. (5)
16. Slight feeling of resentment. (4)
18. Beringian fish. (3)
20. Is it that which is played. (4)
23. New. (3)**NANCY** Nothing but the Truth**When You Feel Tired
and Restless**

Ask For

**ELLIOTTS
TONIC**

On Sale at All Dispensaries



Women BEAUTY ARTS

By LOIS LEEDS



Posed by Donna Reed for Lois Leeds.

An Orchid for your hair gives that Glamorous touch.

"DEAR LOIS LEEDS"

"Dear Lois Leeds—How can I add a touch of glamour to a simple white evening dress? I have nice hair—LOLLY."

"Dear Lois Leeds—I am sixteen years old, slender, dry skin. My mother thinks I should take care of my skin but she doesn't know what I need. Please tell her."

"Dear Lois Leeds—I am sixteen years old, slender, dry skin. My mother thinks I should take care of my skin but she doesn't know what I need. Please tell her."

"Dear Lois Leeds—What is considered the perfect shape for facial beauty?—N. G. K."

"Dear Lois Leeds—What is considered the perfect shape for facial beauty?—N. G. K."

Minute Make-up
by GABRIELLE



Watch that middle age "spread"! Don't let it happen to you. A few exercises, a little care about your diet, and you will keep your supple, young look. And don't neglect your posture. Take a look at yourself, right now! Like what you see!

SIDE GLANCES

By Galbraith



"I'm glad you sent me to the store, Mom—I found that coral and bought 19 packages of it so I can get that secret message ring!"

CHINESE COLONEL BOOSTS WORLD CITIZENSHIP IDEA

Now is the time for "everyone everywhere" to come to the aid of the world by beginning to act like a world citizen, according to Col. Thomas Tchou, Director of the World Citizenship Movement.

JULY RICE ALLOCATIONS FOR SE ASIA

The rice shipping programmes for July and the provisional programmes for August, as submitted by the June conference of the Southeast Asia Linton Officers, were approved at the eighth meeting of the International Emergency Food Council's Sub-Committee on Rice for Southeast Asia, which was held at the Special Commissioner's Office in Singapore.

The loan of the Philippines' July rice entitlement to the Netherlands East Indies, arranged at the Linton Officers' Conference, was approved. It was accepted with gratitude by the Netherlands East Indies representative.

The Committee considered the allocations for 1947 and the latest availability estimate. It noted also that the approval of the main body in Washington had been received for the overland transfer of 500 tons of rice annually from Northern Siam into Kentung State—one of the Shan States of Burma.

A discussion took place on the subject of the replacements of rice lost in shipping accidents. The question of the ship Xylos with 4,519 tons of rice for India. It was decided to refer the matter to the International Emergency Food Council in Washington, and to forward to the Council a full report of the discussion.

ATOM RACE SECRETS FILMED

A film—"The Battle for Heavy Water"—depicting the race between Germany and the Allies for the secret of the atom bomb is being produced in France.

The film will show details of the secret war which led up to the British Commando raid on the huge hydro-electric plant of Rjukan, in Norway.

According to the film the battle opened early in 1940, when heavy water was considered the sole means for the fissioning of the uranium atom, and, as such, essential for the production of atom bombs.

Only one place in the world was known to produce this heavy water—the Rjukan plant. Frederic Joliot Curie, the French scientist, persuaded his government that these stocks of heavy water must not fall into the hands of the enemy.

A month before the German invasion of Norway, the precious liquid was brought to Paris. There were only 150 pounds of it—practically the whole of the world's stock.

Interrupted By War

French research was interrupted three months later when France was invaded. Just before the Germans entered Paris the containers were moved from one town to another until finally they left Bordeaux for England only a few hours before the Germans reached the port.

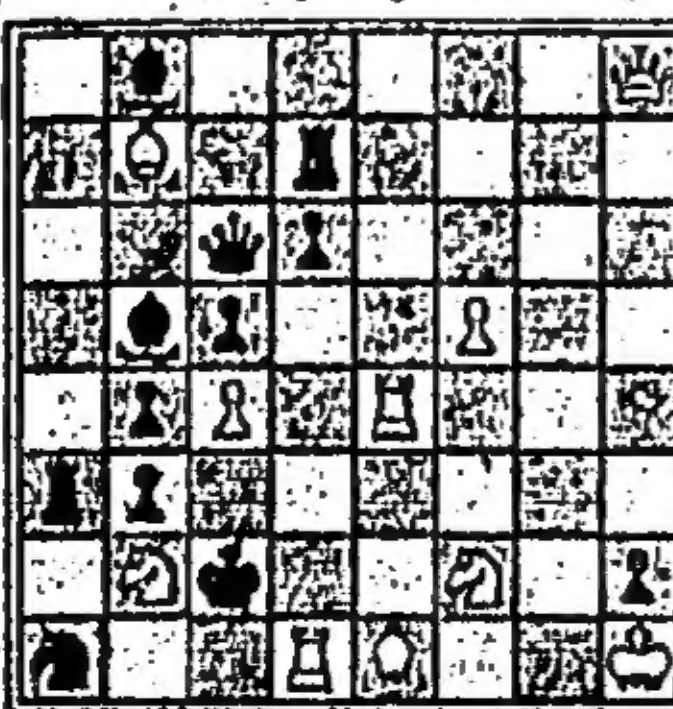
After the invasion of Norway, Britain took up the battle and Commandos parachuted into Rjukan.

The plant was dynamited, and when the Germans reconstructed it, it was bombed time after time by Allied aircraft.

"The Battle for Heavy Water" is a joint Norwegian and French production, and Jean Marin, the former Free French radio commentator in London, will play one of the principal roles.

CHESS PROBLEM

By A. E. ELWORTHY
Black, 12 pieces.



White, 10 pieces.
White to play and mate in two.
Solution to Saturday's problem.

1. Kt1-K3, any; 2. Q-K4, Kt or P (4th or 5th) moves.

Every nation is a citizen of the world, says Colonel Tchou, and so, he asks in effect: "What are we waiting for?"

On a recent trip to New York in the interests of the movement, Colonel Tchou, who was formerly on the staff of Generalissimo Chiang Kai-shek, explained that the gradual movement of the people of the world toward international government can be encouraged if everyone will change his concept of where he lives.

Instead of limiting citizenship or the idea of citizenship to any foreign state, Colonel Tchou, and his associates would have all people recognize and practise the facts and responsibilities of a world citizenship which is theirs beyond question.

This involves no disloyalty to one's own state, Colonel Tchou noted. On the contrary, he believes that it eminently advances the peaceful atmosphere of the world which should be the basis of all states. Colonel Tchou shies away from the use of the word "organization" in connection with the W.C.M. He emphasizes that it is a "movement" of people, although for practical purposes it bears the framework of an incorporated organization which has the right to receive and disburse money and is tax-exempt for contributions.

Advantages Cited

The advantage of keeping the idea of a "movement" foremost, Colonel Tchou explained, is that as such it can embrace and supplement the work of all other well-established peace-seeking organizations.

Notable examples such as the Kiwanis International, the National Association of Parents and Teachers, and other important civic, social, and religious groups have supported the idea of world citizenship, according to Colonel Tchou.

He believes that as the people of the world think as world citizens, it will be possible gradually to demonstrate one political world.

Simplicity will mark the shortest distance between the two points of individual responsibility for world citizenship and the broader world movement, according to Colonel Tchou.

He regards extensive organization as a detour on the road to one world.

More Than 250 Councils

As it is, there are more than 250 councils throughout the world which bear a definite relationship to the headquarters of World Citizenship Movement. These are formed separately where people of a community wish to start their own group, Colonel Tchou said.

These councils are in early stages of activity in Mexico, Nicaragua, the Philippines, Colombia, Bolivia, Brazil, Argentina, Italy, India, France, Great Britain, Canada, China, New Zealand, and Australia. There are well-formed community groups throughout the United States.

Colonel Tchou believes that as individuals in many lands grasp the greatness of the idea of regarding themselves as world citizens, the fact with world responsibilities in fact, they automatically will become spreaders of good will for the movement.

"We can use volunteers—the more the better," he observed.

On September 16, W.C.M. will mark the seventh anniversary of its original inception. It is planned to hold a world congress of the movement about that date in Chicago to consider ways of spreading the idea. Headquarters of the movement is at Oberlin, Ohio.

Reburial Of U.S. War Dead

It will cost about US\$187,500,000 for the final burial of America's World War II dead, according to the latest figures of the U.S. War Department.

Congress last July appropriated \$92,500,000 to start the programme—a search for the missing dead which numbered 64,069 at the end of the war—identification, concentration in temporary overseas cemeteries of remains found in isolated graves, and preparation for the return of the United States of possibly 228,000 bodies.

The first bodies will be returned from cemeteries in Hawaii and from Henri Chappelle Cemetery in Belgium early next autumn.

At a cost of \$1,380,000, the U.S. Army Transportation Corps has converted eight Liberty ships and one army freight supply vessel to return the dead, each ship to carry about 6,300 steel caskets. Five will operate in the Atlantic and one in the Pacific.—Associated Press.

Women detectives have been drafted into the anti-vice squads now busy in the first stages of the biggest "clean-up" ever in London's West End.

They are already collecting evidence from girls who frequent the streets and shady night clubs of the Piccadilly, Edgware-road and Victoria areas.

This evidence is expected to lead to the arrest of men who have been living on "protection" money paid them by prostitutes.

Court action is also to be taken against tenants of West End flats who have sublet furnished rooms at extortionate rents to women with police court convictions for soliciting. The clean-up of London's night life will not be limited to the West End. It will probably embrace some suburban districts.

DUMB BELLS

WHEN YOU SOLD ME THAT PARROT YOU SAID IT DID NOT USE BAD LANGUAGE—WHY IT'S A DISGRACE THE WAY IT CAN SPLIT AN INFINITIVE!



Theatrical Boom In London

BY ROBERT MUSEL

London, July 5. When the American showman, Billy Rose, visited London last season, he noted the long queues in front of even flop shows and remarked that the formula for success in the West End seemed to be simply "find a theatre and open the doors."

Too many producers have been taking this advice. This is the second year of the biggest boom in British theatrical history, but apart of the inflated grosses at the box office there is little that producers can look back upon with pride.

The producers have studied their newly-won public well. The war with its higher incomes brought to the theatres many who had never seen the living stage before—and the public's ability to discriminate plummeted correspondingly.

The first step was to feed these theatregoers the surefire revivals such as "The Merry Widow" and "Lilac Domino." This plague of revivals still continues. Recently turning to the "wider scope" of the theatre, one of the brightest of Britain's theatrical hopes, Peter Ustinov, mourned that the stage was encroaching "behind the Maginot Line of established names."

A Few Bright Spots

Then came a flood of 60-80 musicals, moderately amusing comedies and somewhat stodgy dramas, few of which were any different—outside of costuming—than hundreds of profitable predecessors. But it became increasingly hard to drive the public away from a bad show, and one can hardly blame producers for complacency when a mammoth musical brought packed houses week after week.

There are a few bright spots in the dark panorama, however—some plays and some individual performances. There are one or two promising events in the near and middle distances which may restore some of London's traditional leadership in the theatre. And there are some of the season's few provocative plays for the more cautious magnates who control the big houses.

The Embassy and another small theatre, the Arts, are practically alone in trying to raise the present London standard. The Embassy will give the first night production of "The White Stag," by the brilliant Irish author, Paul Vincent Carroll. The Arts will produce in full George Bernard Shaw's monumental "Metamorphosis"—which will run over four nights—United Press.

WOMEN JOIN VICE SQUAD

Women detectives have been drafted into the anti-vice squads now busy in the first stages of the biggest "clean-up" ever in London's West End.

They are already collecting evidence from girls who frequent the streets and shady night clubs of the Piccadilly, Edgware-road and Victoria areas.

This evidence is expected to lead to the arrest of men who have been living on "protection" money paid them by prostitutes.

Court action is also to be taken against tenants of West End flats who have sublet furnished rooms at extortionate rents to women with police court convictions for soliciting. The clean-up of London's night life will not be limited to the West End. It will probably embrace some suburban districts.

Rupert and the Young Imp—11



Leaving his father at the gate, Rupert runs towards Nutwood Common and looks out for his friends. Although it is a half-holiday hardly any of them seem to have come out. At length he spies a small figure walking along a path. "Why, it's Billy Goat," he says. "Hi, Billy. I haven't seen you for ages. Come and have a game with my new shuttlecock." But Billy has a heavy basket of shopping and asks Rupert to help him carry it.

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SHOWING TO-DAY

At 2.30, 5.10, 7.15 & 9.15 p.m.

WIKES
AIR-CONDITIONED
THE EXCITING ROMANTIC STORY OF ONE GLORIOUS WEEK-END!

GINGER ROGERS • LANA TURNER
WALTER PIDGEON • VAN JOHNSON
"Week-end" AT THE WILKES
XAVIER Cugat and Orchestra
DIRECTED BY ROBERT Z. LEONARD
PRODUCED BY ARTHUR HORNBLOW, JR.

NEXT CHANGE

FOR WHOM THE BELL TOLLS
IN TECHNICOLOR

GARY COOPER
INGRID BERGMAN
ALAN TAYLOR • ARTHUR HORNBLOW
JOSEPH CALVERT • NATALIE PARSLOW
DIRECTED BY SAM WOOD

ALHAMBRA & CENTRAL
DAILY AT 2.30 5.10 7.15 & 9.15 P.M.

TO-DAY ONLY

WHEN HE TOOK HER IN HIS ARMS...AND WHEN HE CALLED HER KILLER

...Did he know which was which?

INTERNATIONAL PICTURES presents
Olivia de Havilland Lew Ayres
In the NUNALLY JOHNSON Production
The Dark Mirror
with THOMAS MITCHELL
RICHARD LONG • CHARLES EVANS • GARY OWEN • Produced and Written by the Screen by Nunnally Johnson Original Story by Vladimir Placenz
Directed by ROBERT SIOGMAN
AN INTERNATIONAL PICTURE

TO-MORROW

WARNER'S NATIONAL JOY SHOW

JANIE
FROM THE JOYOUS STAGE SENSATION WITH JOYCE REYNOLDS • ROBERT HUTTON
EDWARD ARNOLD • ANN HARBORE • ROBERT BRENCHLEY • ALAN HALE

SHOWING TO-DAY

At 2.30, 5.00, 7.15 & 9.30 p.m.

(PLEASE NOTE THE CHANGE OF TIME WITH 14 REELS.)
YOU HAVE NEVER SEEN SUCH LAVISH SPLENDOR SUCH WONDROUS SPECTACLE ON THE SCREEN BEFORE!
VIVIEN LEIGH • CLAUDE RAINS in
BERNARD SHAW'S

"CAESAR and CLEOPATRA"
with Stewart GRANGER • Flora ROBSON
Released by Eagle-Lion Distributors.

Seven Earthquakes In January

January was the most seismic month of the first quarter of 1947, the British scientific magazine Nature said.

The month had seven earthquakes recorded all over the world, compared to two in both February and March.

The heaviest quake in January occurred in western Nicaragua on January 20; the heaviest in February in Japan; and in March the heavy ones were in China and in the sea north of New Zealand.—United Press.

NOTICE

Advertisers are requested to note that no advertisements (with the exception of urgent notices) will be accepted between the hours of 12.30 noon Saturdays, and 9 a.m. on Mondays.

From and including Mondays to Fridays, copy for the following day must be submitted not later than 4 p.m.

S. C. M. POST,
H.K. TELEGRAPH.

FRAULEINS HOODWINKING GI JOE

Berlin, July 6. Two American clergymen who have been touring Europe as guests of the United States War Department said today that they believed the policy of permitting American soldiers to marry German girls was a grave mistake, as many of the soldiers were being hoodwinked by girls who only wanted entrance to the United States. Some of these girls would constitute a political danger, they added.

Dr. F. P. Cannon, Methodist Bishop of Philadelphia, and Rabbi James Heller of Cincinnati, said they had formed these conclusions as the result of talks with Army chaplains in Germany and Austria.—Associated Press.

Weekend Sports News And Results

(Continued from Page 1.)

BEST MONEY WINNING HORSE

Stanton, Delaware, July 6. Six-year-old Symble, by Equestrian out of Stop Watch, became the world's leading money winning race horse by capturing the Sussex Handicap here yesterday.

This victory brought his total winnings up to \$505,510 to pass the previous record of \$78,070 held by Assault, last year's United States triple crown winner.

Symble won yesterday's mile and a quarter race in the record time of two minutes 2-2/5 seconds.—Reuter.

Londoner Wins Car Race

Maloja, Switzerland, July 7. A. G. Imhof, of London, mountain sport car races on Sunday in his Allard (over 1,500 cubic centimetre class). Imhof's best time was eight minutes 54.2 seconds.

Imhof, 36 year old London engineer, was the day's outstanding driver over the tricky Maloja course which has 23 hairpin bends. His first heat was eight minutes 57.4 seconds. Second heat was eight minutes 64.2 seconds.

Imhof's speed of 73.715 kilometres per hour bettered last year's marks of 70.764. There were 21 starters.

Peter Berglas of Switzerland was second and Kaspar Aebli also of Switzerland, was third.—Associated Press.

Champion Cyclist Beaten

Paris, July 6. Jan Derksen, of The Netherlands and world professional sprint cycling champion, was beaten into third place in the Grand Prix de Paris, held over 1,000 metres, here today.

The event was won by Arle Van Vliet, of The Netherlands, who beat Louis Errardin, of France, by half a length.

Derksen was a further half length away.

The winners' time for the final two metres' sprint was 11.8 seconds.—Reuter.

Kramer Returns To United States

London July 6. Carrying half a dozen tennis rackets, Jack Kramer, winner of the men's singles championship at Wimbledon, left London airport tonight.

Kramer said that he was going back to the United States to prepare for the defence of the Davis Cup at Forest Hills. Commenting on reports that he was thinking about turning professional, he said that people were "making a wild guess."—Reuter.

RETAINS HIS TITLE

Salt Lake City, July 7. Frank Parker retained his national clay court tennis championship on Sunday by beating Ted Schroeder, second ranking American player, 6-0, 6-2, 6-4.—Associated Press.

Letters To The Editor

Duty Of The Press

Sir,—Referring to the article by "Candidus" in Saturday issue of your paper, I think that what Hongkong needs is a really free press—a press which is not afraid to expose the weaknesses of our Government and its officials—a press which is not merely content to serve up to the public news scooped up by the Government Press Relations Office. The public knows what is really going on and very few people are deceived by the contents of Government hand-outs. If the situation in Hongkong is to be remedied it is up to the Press to take the lead. The Press should not hide the truth in an attempt to spare the feelings of some "big shot"—let the Press show that it is not afraid to be outspoken—let the Press, critics friend and foe alike—let the Press do its duty and forget sentiment.

TRUTH.

[It would be difficult to find a less fettered or more outspoken Press than in Hongkong. The claim is substantiated by an American newspaper correspondent who recently informed his readers that Hongkong possessed the only real free Press in the whole of the Far East today.—Ed. H.K. Telegraph.]

WAR NOT BANISHED FROM THE WORLD, SAYS MONTGOMERY

Hobart, Tasmania, July 6.

Field Marshal Lord Montgomery, Chief of the Imperial General Staff, declared here today that he did not think a new war was facing the world now, but added: "I do not think we have yet finished with wars."

He was addressing 400 former officers at a lunch at the United Services Institute here, before visiting his old home at Bishop's Court, where he lived 12 years while his father was bishop of the island.

Attlee's Part In Indian Settlement

London, July 6.

Britain's last Parliamentary debate before power is transferred to India—on the second reading of the Independence Bill in the House of Commons on Thursday—may, despite the historic occasion, prove one of the quietest on record.

Mr Winston Churchill, leader of the Conservatives, and the last active member of the Labour Government's India programme, is now reconciled to the transfer plan, and firework are therefore unlikely from the Conservative Opposition.

Mr Churchill himself will probably be absent, as he is not fully recovered from his recent operation. Had the debate been a fortnight later, he might have been present.

His lieutenant and chief opposition India spokesman, Mr Richard A. Butler, will arrive from the United States tomorrow and may therefore be expected to take a leading part.

The Prime Minister, Mr Attlee, will open the discussions, and informed quarters declare that for him the debate will mark the climax of two years of intensive personal effort to redeem Labour's re-election pledges to India. They say that while the contributions of the Viceroy, Lord Mountbatten, Lord Chichester and Sir Stafford Cripps to the Indian settlement cannot easily be overestimated, history will name Mr Attlee as the continuous impelling force of Britain's efforts to transfer power.

The Inspiration

Mr Attlee, before Labour came into power, had, it is known, a great urge to forge ahead with the Indian settlement.

Most people credit him, with the inspiration for most of the imaginative moves of India of the last two years—the Cabinet Mission, and summoning of the Indian leaders to London, the Quit India date, and the appointment of Lord Mountbatten.

It is agreed that he has been brilliantly served and interpreted by such statesmen as Lord Mountbatten and Sir Stafford Cripps, but the Cabinet India experts as a group would probably be the first to accord Mr Attlee first honours.

Plans have still to be made for a House of Lords debate on the Indian Independence Bill but the assumption is that the Secretary of State for India, Lord Listowel, will lead the discussion.

The House of Lords debate, presumably, will be within a week or so and the Commons discussions, as the aim still is to have the Bill on the Statute Book by July 20.—Reuter.

KING AT ST PAUL'S SERVICE

London, July 6.

Hundreds of thousands of Britons went to church yesterday in response to a summons by King George VI to a national day of prayer for Britain and the British Commonwealth.

The King himself, with Prime Minister Clement Attlee and other government leaders, went to St. Paul's Cathedral in London, where the Archbishop of Canterbury, Dr. Geoffrey Fisher, offered the prayer that "as a nation we may return to the simple law of the Ten Commandments."

"Every single one of them" is violated every day, and from these violations come the distresses of our own and of every other nation, said the Archbishop, adding: "There is no simple division of the world into friend and foe—no unquestioning common impulse—winning every man and woman that what he or she does matters."

Attendance at many services was cut by a "one-day token" strike of London bus operators who went to time and a half instead of the previous time and a quarter for Sunday work.

At St Paul's, where arrangements were made for a congregation of 8,000 only 2,000 worshippers appeared.—Associated Press.

"In the next war, the Empire cannot expect a breathing space. Real preparedness is essential today as it never was," he said. "Any nation that is niggardly in its allotments for scientific research is laying up trouble for itself, but we must not lose a sense of proportion."

"Man is still the factor that really matters. You may have the best tank in the world, but if the men inside have not stout hearts and the light of battle in their eyes, what is the good?"

Saying that he was not asking statesmen to provide money for weapons that might rapidly become obsolete, Lord Montgomery added: "I see no chance of a large war, not just yet, at least."

In a broadcast to Australia, the victor of El Alamein said that Britain has "nothing to show for all the wealth we poured out in the war years except victory, but it is when we wanted and we do not, at least, regret what we did."

Crowds jammed the streets of Hobart despite drizzling rain as Field Marshal Montgomery revisited the scene of his boyhood.

After placing a wreath on the Cenotaph, he met former servicemen in the City Hall and read the lesson at St. David's Cathedral, where his father used to preach.

At the hospital, he chatted with patients and repaired reports, and then attended a parade led by former 8th Army men.

"It was here," he told the veterans, "that I was influenced to become a soldier."

"For better or for worse, the foundations of my character were laid here."

Because of the closing of the western junction of the airport, Lord Montgomery's visit tomorrow to Launceston has been cancelled.—Reuter.

Tremendous Welcome

Hobart, July 6. Hobart gave Field Marshal Viscount Montgomery a welcome such as no other visitor to the city has ever received.

Since his arrival on Saturday in the city where he lived as a boy, Monty has needed police help to move through the crowds that have waited for him everywhere.

They broke through the eddies to speak to him and to touch him. Their attentions have been so pressing that the police had almost to carry the victor of El Alamein from Hobart Town Hall to get him to his waiting car.

It was only with police assistance that a way could be forced for him to the civic reception. One woman shouted: "I've got to touch him. I've got his arm. Hurrah!" and walked arm in arm with him until he escaped.

The happiest in the great welcoming crowd were six old ladies who waited patiently for a few words with the man they had known as a boy at Bishop's Court, when his father was Bishop of Tasmania. They included his old nurse, governess and teacher, and Bishop's Court servant.—Associated Press.

First Free Election To Be Held In Syria

Damascus, July 6.

Syria will soon hold its first parliamentary election by direct adult suffrage, and the first since the winding up of the French mandate and the withdrawal of foreign troops in 1944. The last election took place in 1943.

Polling is expected to pass off quietly with a victory for the Government candidates.

Under a decree published at the beginning of this month, Syrians will elect 138 deputies, comprising 114 Moslems, five Druses, 18 Christians and one Jew—14 more deputies than in the last parliament.

Hitherto, the deputies have been elected by indirect vote, the electorate first choosing an electoral college which then elect all parliamentary representatives.

For the first time, too, the election will be fought on a purely party basis. Formerly candidates were largely judged on whether they were for or against the French regime under mandate.

New rival parties are in the field, and for the past two weeks a lively election campaign has been going on. Among the opposing parties are the National Party, Patriotic Party, the Ahrar and the Communists.

The National Party supports the National bloc government now in power. Some of its members favour an amendment to the Constitution by which Shukri Bey El Khatib, President of Syria since August 15, 1943, could serve a further term.

The Independent Patriotic or National Arab Party includes candidates from various political groups but all supporting the republic within the vast Arab union extending from Tunisia to the Atlantic. They oppose the government bloc but support the republic.

The Ahrar Party supports King Abdullah of Transjordan's plan for

POCKET CARTOON



"In 1947, Cecil, we must grow more than we've ever grown before."

Jews Open Palestine Hearing

Jerusalem, July 6.

Elihu Kaplan, testifying for the Jewish Agency, today opened the second day of the United Nations Special Committee on Palestine hearing with the contention that "Jewish immigration has given great impetus to the economic progress of the country as a whole to the benefit of all its inhabitants."

Kaplan maintained that Palestine could absorb millions of people more, and "our plan for the absorption of a million Jews in the next decade is practical."

He urged the Committee to consider the Palestine problem not merely as an economic one but "as a great human problem for all the peoples of the world."—Associated Press.

To Hear More Groups

Jerusalem, July 6. The United Nations Special Committee on Palestine, at a closed session today, accepted the recommendation of its sub-committee and approved applications for four additional groups for oral testimony.

The four groups are the Chief Rabbinate of Jerusalem, the Church of England, the Church of Scotland, and the Jerusalem Council of Jewish Women's Organizations of Palestine and the League for Jewish-Arab Rapprochement and Co-operation of Jerusalem.

Further decision on granting hearings will be made at a later hearing.—United Press.

Arab Decision

Haifa, July 6.

Moslems and Arab Christians at an Arab Higher Committee session today adopted a resolution recommending any Arab who was seen to be Jewish.

The convention decreed that a new interpretation of the Bible and Koran shows that such action is against the principles of both the Moslem and Christian religions and will result in excommunication.

Another resolution said: "We, indeed, feel that a decisive battle between our rights and Jewish falsehood will be resumed in a strong, practical way. We therefore, ought to renew our determination and faith to destroy the Jewish national home and Zionism at any cost and in any circumstances."—United Press.

Indonesians Accept Dutch Proposals

Batavia, July 6.

The Indonesian Republic's reply to the request by Dr. Hubertus Van Mook, Dutch Lieutenant-General, for clarification of their earlier note on the Dutch proposal for a federal interim government, was handed to Dr. Van Mook today, the Dutch news agency reported.

Dr. Tanzi, Vice-Minister of Foreign Affairs, who arrived here this morning with Dr. M. Soedjatmo, Vice-Premier, to hand over the reply, said that he was

EUROPEAN CONFERENCE

(Continued from Page 1.)

tuesday's Paris Conference on the Marshall aid to Europe plan.

The Radio was reported to have added that the paper quoted the acceptance as being "provisional, and that more must be known about the plan and how it will work."

M. Jindrich Nosek, the Czechoslovak Ambassador, was named as his country's representative to the Conference.

The Communist newspaper Rude Pravo said that Czechoslovakia would remain faithful to her alliances with Russia and Yugoslavia. The Czechoslovak Ambassador, M. Jindrich Nosek, said here tonight that the report that the Czechoslovak Government had provisionally accepted the Anglo-French invitation to the Paris Conference as "premature and inaccurate" as "the Czechoslovak Government has taken no decision yet."

He added that M. Klement Gottwald, M. Jan Masaryk, the Czechoslovak Foreign Minister, and himself were leaving for Moscow on Tuesday.

MOSCOW TRADE TALKS

Elze, Italy and Portugal had announced their acceptance at the weekend while reports from Austria, Belgium, Holland, Denmark, Norway, Sweden, Turkey, Greece, Switzerland, Iceland and Luxembourg had indicated that they would probably attend. It was considered most unlikely in Moscow tonight that the Eastern European countries would attend the Paris Conference, a Reuter Moscow cable said.

It added, however, that a further statement on the Anglo-Soviet trade talks in Moscow is expected within the next few days and that Russia might be prepared to offer Britain substantial wheat supplies in return for machinery and other material.

Day and night talks have been going on and the Soviet experts headed by Mikoyan, the Soviet Minister of Foreign Trade, Mr. James Wilson, the British Under-Secretary for Overseas Trade, disclosed in Moscow.

It was reported that the Soviet Union, in particular, is pursuing as far as possible a policy of economic self-sufficiency. Soviet criticisms that the Marshall plan is an extension of the Truman doctrine aimed at the creation of a Western bloc were again emphasised today in an article by the Soviet writer, M. Viktorov in the Communist Party newspaper Pravda, in which he called the Anglo-French proposals a "dicta" and declared: "Britain and France are content on a path which has nothing in common with the international co-operation, or with the true interests of the peoples of Europe."—Reuter.

OUTWARD MAILS

Unless otherwise stated, Registered Articles and Parcel Posts close 30 minutes earlier than the time stated below:—

Monday, July 7
Canton (Train) 1.30 p.m.
Shanghai, Amoy (Sea) 3 p.m.
Straits, Ceylon, India, East & South Africa, Egypt and Europe via London (Sea) 3 p.m.
Straits only (Air) 3.30 p.m.
Amoy, Shanghai, Hankow, Hankow, Taiching, Peiping, Liuchow & Kuning (Air) 3.30 p.m.
Hollow only Canton & Foochow (Air) 1.30 p.m.
Kongmoon, Macao, Tainan & Shekhi (Sea) 8 p.m.
Canton (Train) 8 p.m.

Tuesday, July 8
Straits, Bataavia, Sourabaya and Macassar (Sea) 9 a.m.
Manila and Honolulu (Sea) 10 a.m.
Bangkok (Sea) 10 a.m.
Canton (Train) 1.30 p.m.
Shanghai (Sea) 3 p.m.
Canton & Vancouver B.C. (Sea) 3 p.m.
Singapore, Sydney, Colombo, Sourabaya & Auckland (Air) 3.30 p.m.
Japan (ordinary letters & cards only) (Air) 3.30 p.m.
Shanghai only (Air) 10 a.m.
Shanghai, London, U.S.A. & Canada (Air) 10 a.m.
Manila, P.I. and Bataavia via Vancouver B.C. (Sea) 10 a.m.
Straits, Hongkong & Calcutta (Sea) 3 p.m.

TO-DAY'S BROADCAST

ZBW Hongkong broadcasting on a frequency of 145 kilocycles from 12.30 to 2 p.m. and 8.30 to 11 p.m., and also on 8.03 megacycles in the 31 metre band from 12.30 to 1.15, 7.30 to 8.20 and 9.15 to 11 p.m. "Something for Everybody" H.K.T.
6.30 Film Memorabilia: 6.45, Holberg Suite (Crest-London-Swing Orchestra).
BBC Transcription Service: "The Cook of the Ghetto", by W. W. Jacobs. Adapted by H. G. Wells. 7.15, 7.30, 7.45, 8.00, 8.15, 8.30, 8.45, 9.00, 9.15, 9.30, 9.45, 10.00, 10.15, 10.30, 10.45, 11.00, 11.15, 11.30, 11.45, 12.00, 12.15, 12.30, 12.45, 1.00, 1.15, 1.30, 1.45, 2.00, 2.15, 2.30, 2.45, 3.00, 3.15, 3.30, 3.45, 4.00, 4.15, 4.30, 4.45, 5.00, 5.15, 5.30, 5.45, 6.00, 6.15, 6.30, 6.45, 7.00, 7.15, 7.30, 7.45, 8.00, 8.15, 8.30, 8.45, 9.00, 9.15, 9.30, 9.45, 10.00, 10.15, 10.30, 10.45, 11.00, 11.15, 11.30, 11.45, 12.00, 12.15, 12.30, 12.45, 1.00, 1.15, 1.30, 1.45, 2.00, 2.15, 2.30, 2.45, 3.00, 3.15, 3.30, 3.45, 4.00, 4.15, 4.30, 4.45, 5.00, 5.15, 5.30, 5.45, 6.00, 6.15, 6.30, 6.45, 7.00, 7.15, 7.30, 7.45, 8.00, 8.15, 8.30, 8.45, 9.00, 9.15, 9.30, 9.45, 10.00, 10.15, 10.30, 10.45, 11.00, 11.15, 11.30, 11.45, 12.00, 12.15, 12.30, 12.45, 1.00, 1.15, 1.30, 1.45, 2.00, 2.15, 2.30, 2.45, 3.00, 3.15, 3.30, 3.45, 4.00, 4.15, 4.30, 4.45, 5.00, 5.15, 5.30, 5.45, 6.00, 6.15, 6.30, 6.45, 7.00, 7.15, 7.30, 7.45, 8.00, 8.15, 8.30, 8.45, 9.00, 9.15, 9.30, 9.45, 10.00, 10.15, 10.30, 10.45, 11.00, 11.15, 11.30, 11.45, 12.00, 12.15, 12.30, 12.45, 1.00, 1.15, 1.30, 1.45, 2.00, 2.15, 2.30, 2.45, 3.00, 3.15, 3.30, 3.45, 4.00, 4.15, 4.30, 4.45, 5.00, 5.15, 5.30, 5.45, 6.00, 6.15, 6.30, 6.45, 7.00, 7.15, 7.30, 7.45, 8.00, 8.15, 8.30, 8.45, 9.00, 9.15, 9.30, 9.45, 10.00, 10.15, 10.30, 10.45, 11.00, 11.15, 11.30, 11.45, 12.00, 12.15, 12.30, 12.45, 1.00, 1.15, 1.30, 1.45, 2.00, 2.15, 2.30, 2.45, 3.00, 3.15, 3.30, 3.45, 4.00, 4.15, 4.30, 4.45, 5.00, 5.15, 5.30, 5.45, 6.00, 6.15, 6.30, 6.45, 7.00, 7.15, 7.30, 7.45, 8.00, 8.15, 8.30, 8.45, 9.00, 9.15, 9.30, 9.45, 10.00, 10.15, 10.30, 10.45, 11.00, 11.15, 11.30, 11.45, 12.00, 12.15, 12.30, 12.45, 1.00, 1.15, 1.30, 1.45, 2.00, 2.15, 2.30, 2.45, 3.00, 3.15, 3.30, 3.45, 4.00, 4.15, 4.30, 4.45, 5.00, 5.15, 5.30, 5.45, 6.00, 6.15, 6.30, 6.45, 7.00, 7.15, 7.30, 7.45, 8.00, 8.15, 8.30, 8.45, 9.00, 9.15, 9.30, 9.45, 10.00, 10.15, 10.30, 10.45, 11.00, 11.15, 11.30, 11.45, 12.00, 12.15, 12.30, 12.45, 1.00, 1.15, 1.30, 1.45, 2.00, 2.15, 2.30, 2.45, 3.00, 3.15, 3.30, 3.45, 4.00, 4.15, 4.30, 4.45, 5.00, 5.15, 5.30, 5.45, 6.00, 6.15, 6.30, 6.45, 7.00, 7.15, 7.30, 7.45, 8.00, 8.15, 8.30, 8.45, 9.00, 9.15, 9.30, 9.45, 10.00, 10.15, 10.30, 10.45, 11.00, 11.15, 11.30, 11.45, 12.00, 12.15, 12.30, 12.45, 1.00, 1.15, 1.30, 1.45, 2.00, 2.15, 2.30, 2.45, 3.00, 3.15, 3.30, 3.45, 4.00, 4.15, 4.30, 4.45, 5.00, 5.15, 5.30, 5.45, 6.00, 6.15, 6.30, 6.45, 7.00, 7.15, 7.30, 7.45, 8.00, 8.15, 8.30, 8.45, 9.00, 9.15, 9.30, 9.45, 10.00, 10.15, 10.30, 10.45, 11.00, 11.15, 11.30, 11.45, 12.00, 12.15, 12.30, 12.45, 1.00, 1.15, 1.30, 1.45, 2.00, 2.15, 2.30, 2.45, 3.00, 3.15, 3.30, 3.45, 4.00, 4.15, 4.30, 4.45, 5.00, 5.15, 5.30, 5.45, 6.00, 6.15, 6.30, 6.45, 7.00, 7.15, 7.30, 7.45, 8.00, 8.15, 8.30, 8.45, 9.00, 9.15, 9.30, 9.45, 10.00, 10.15, 10.30, 10.45, 11.00, 11.15, 11.30, 11.45, 12.00, 12.15, 12.30, 12.45, 1.00, 1.15, 1.30, 1.45, 2.00, 2.15, 2.30, 2.45, 3.00, 3.15, 3.30, 3.45, 4.00, 4.15, 4.30, 4.45, 5.00, 5.15, 5.30, 5.45, 6.00, 6.15, 6.30, 6.45, 7.00, 7.15, 7.30, 7.45, 8.00, 8.15, 8.30, 8.45, 9.00, 9.15, 9.30, 9.45, 10.00, 10.15, 10.30, 10.45, 11.00, 11.15, 11.30, 11.45, 12.00, 12.15, 12.30, 12.45, 1.00, 1.15, 1.30, 1.45, 2.00, 2.15, 2.30, 2.45, 3.00, 3.15, 3.30, 3.45, 4.00, 4.15, 4.30, 4.45, 5.00, 5.15, 5.30, 5.45, 6.00, 6.15, 6.30, 6.45, 7.00, 7.15, 7.30, 7.45, 8.00, 8.15, 8.30, 8.45, 9.00, 9.15, 9.30, 9.45, 10.00, 10.15, 10.30, 10.45, 11.00, 11.15, 11.30, 11.45, 12.00, 12.15, 12.30, 12.45, 1.00, 1.15, 1.30, 1.45, 2.00, 2.15, 2.30, 2.45, 3.00, 3.15, 3.30, 3.45, 4.00, 4.15, 4.30, 4.45, 5.00, 5.15, 5.30, 5.45, 6.00, 6.15, 6.30, 6.45, 7.00, 7.15, 7.30, 7.45, 8.00, 8.15, 8.30, 8.45, 9.00, 9.15, 9.30, 9.45, 10.00, 10.15, 10.30, 10.45, 11.00, 11.15, 11.30, 11.45, 12.00, 12.15, 12.30, 12.45, 1.00, 1.15, 1.30, 1.45, 2.00, 2.15, 2.30, 2.45, 3.00, 3.15, 3.30, 3.45, 4.00, 4.15, 4.30, 4.45, 5.00, 5.15, 5.30, 5.45, 6.00, 6.15, 6.30, 6.45, 7.00, 7.15, 7.